



2007-08

Field Training Report



Report submitted to-Executive Engineer, Ambhora Lift Irrigation Division, Ambhora, Dist: Bhandara. (15/11/2007-17/11/2007)

कार्यकारी अभियंता, आंभोरा उपसा सिंचन विभाग, भिवापुर

Executive Engineer, Aambhora Lift Irrigation Division, Bhivapur

सरळ सेवा भरतीने नियुक्ती दिलेल्या सहाय्यक कार्यकारी अभियंता/सहाय्यक अभियंता श्रेणी-१ अधिकाऱ्यांसाठी प्रतिष्ठापन प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम, (भाग १), जलसंपदा विभाग Induction Training (Part I) for Direct Recruits (Assistant Executive Engineer and Assistant Engineer (Grade 1)) of Water Resource Department.

> कालावधी: १५–१७ नोव्हेंबर २००७ Duration: 15-17 November 2007

"क्षेत्रीय प्रशिक्षण अहवाल" "FIELD TRAINING REPORT"

सादरकर्ता-

Submitted by-

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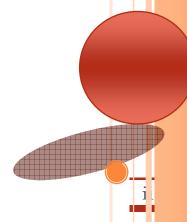
Executive Summary

aharashtra Engineering Training Academy (META), Nashik organized training program for direct recruits - Assistant Executive Engineer of Water Resource Department (WRD), in accordance with Maharashtra Engineering Service Examination-2004. As per schedule of training program, group of Assistant Executive Engineer's was directed to undergo field training under the guidance of Superintending Engineer, Gosikhurd Lift Irrigation Circle, Aambadi, Bhandara to grasp knowledge about lift irrigation schemes.

Gosikhurd project is one of the ambitious project in Vidarbha region. As per plan, it includes construction of main dam at Gosikhurd village, left and right bank canal, 4 Lift Irrigation Scheme (LIS) on reservoir, 2 LIS on left bank canal, renewation of Asolamendha project etc. Gosikhurd village is located in Pauni Tahsil of Bhandara district on Wainganga River. We visited Gosikhurd dam which is created by constructing a composite dam 11.35 km long across River Wainganga. i.e. earthen dam both the right and left ban flanks of central masonry gated Ogee spillway 773 m long in the river gorge and 14 m above foundation level. It have battery of 33 radial gates of 18.3x16.5 m (used first time in Maharashtra) to discharge a design flood of 67,300 m³/sec.

Ambhora Lift Irrigation Division is headed by Executive Engineer- Shri. Apate saheb, who is inspiring personality and interaction with him was a great experience for me. The division includes Ambhora Lift Irrigation Scheme, stage I and stage II and Mokhabardi Lift Irrigation Scheme as major schemes, and Ambhora Lift Irrigation Scheme, stage I is completed and operated to create irrigation potential. Remaining two schemes are in progress and there are four subdivisions to cater the construction work activities

While studying about the schemes, I realized the great technical and management skills involved during implementation of the project. It is biggest challenge to every engineer of the circle, to convert all designs and drawings in to reality, without entertaining any mistake or fault. Definitely, their contribution in the success of the entire project is uncountable. I am sure that completion of the project will bring green revolution in Vidarbha region.



कार्य सारांश

हाराष्ट्र लोकसेवा आयोगामार्फ़त घेण्यात आलेल्या 'महाराष्ट्र अभियांत्रिकी सेवा परिक्षा-२००४' च्या निकालाच्या अनुसंघाने 'सहाय्यक कार्यकारी अभियंता' या पदावर नियुक्ती दिलेल्या अधिकाऱ्यांसाठी 'महाराष्ट्र अभियांत्रिकी प्रशिक्षण प्रबोधिनी', नाशिक या संस्थेद्वारे एका वर्षाच्या प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रमाचे आयोजन करण्यात आले. या प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रमांर्तगत, पहिल्या तुकडीतील सहाय्यक कार्यकारी अभियंत्यांचा पहिला गट क्षेत्रीय प्रशिक्षणासाठी अधीक्षक अभियंता, गोसीखुर्द उपसा सिंचन मंडळ, आंबाडी, भंडारा यांच्याकडे दि. ०५ नोव्हेंबर २००७ रोजी तीन आठवड्याच्या प्रशिक्षणासाठी रुजु झाला.

प्रशिक्षणाच्या पहिल्या आठवड्यांमध्ये (५–७ नोव्हेंबर २००७) आम्हाला श्री. पोहेकर साहेब, अधीक्षक अभियंता, उपसा सिंचन मंडळ, आंबाडी, यांचे बहुमोल मार्गदर्शन लाभलें. नेरला उपसा सिंचन योजना, आंभोरा उपसा सिंचन योजना, मोखवर्डी उपसा सिंचन योजना, गोसीखुर्द डावा कालवा, बावनथडी प्रकल्प हे मोठे प्रकल्प, आणि ७ मध्यम व १३ लहान प्रकल्पाचे काम या मंडळाच्या माध्यमातुन चालु आहेत. या मंडळाचे पाच विभाग आणि तेवीस उपविभाग आहेत. प्रस्तुत अहवालात आम्ही केलेला उपसा सिंचन योजनेचा अभ्यास आणि निरिक्षण नोंदवले आहे.

गोसीखुर्द प्रकल्प हा विदर्भातील एक मोठा महत्वाकांक्षी प्रकल्प आहे. या प्रकल्पांतर्गत गोसीखुर्द गावाजवळ मुख्य धरण, डावा कालवा व उजवा कालवा, जलाशयावरील ४ उपसा सिंचन योजना, डाव्या कालव्यावरील २ उपसा सिंचन योजना, असोलामेंढा प्रकल्पाचे नृतनीकरन इत्यादी प्रमुख घट्कांचा समावेश आहे. मुख्य धरणाचे बांधकाम भंडारा जिल्ह्यातील पवनी तालुक्यातील गोसीखुर्द गावाजवळ सुरु आहे. वैनगंगा नदीवरील मुख्य मातीधरणाची एकुण लांबी ११.३५ कि.मी. असुन यात संधानकातील उत्सारीत भाग ७७३ मी. व अनुत्सारीत भाग १३० मी. यांचा समावेश आहे. उत्सारीत सांडव्यावर १८.३х१६.५ मी. आकाराचे ३३ वऋद्वारे बसवले आहेत. या आकराच्या वऋद्वारांची उभारनी महाराष्ट्रात प्रथमच होत आहे. मुख्य धरणाचे सा.ऋ. ८२० मी. व सा. ऋ. ७८७५ मी. वर अनुऋमे डावा व उजवा तीर विमोचके बांधण्यात आलेली आहेत व याद्वारे सिंचन व विज निर्मिती (३ मे.वॅ) प्रस्तावीत आहे. तसेच धरणाचे पायथ्याशी २५ मे.वॅ विज निर्मीतीची योजना प्रस्तावीत आहे.

सदर विभागाचे काम पाहून धरणाच्या आव्हानात्मक कामाची मला जाणीव झाली. या विभागाचे कार्यकारी अभियंता – श्री. आपटे यांच्या मार्गदर्शनाद्वारे सर्व अधिकाऱ्यांच्या व कर्मचाऱ्यांच्या संघटनात्मक, कार्यक्षम आणि सदैव मदतीसाठी तत्पर असण्याच्या स्वभावामध्येच या विभागतील यशाचे गमक सामावले आहे. या प्रकल्पाच्या यशामध्ये त्यांचा वाटा निश्चितच मोलाचा आहे व त्यातुनच या भागामध्ये हरितक्रान्ती होवून या भागाचा विकास होईल असे मला वाटते.

Acknowledgement

his report will be incomplete without a proper acknowledgment of the debt to many persons, who made it possible. It is my great pleasure to acknowledge those whose active help and support make this report possible in the present form. First of all I express my sincere gratitude to Shri. S.R. Suryavanshi- Chief Engineer for their guidance during field training.

It is the endless guidance and constant encouragement of Executive Engineer- **Shri. Aapate**, and I would like to express my heartfelt gratitude to him for providing us necessary drawings and technical information along with the stay arrangements.

I am deeply indebted to all technical and non-technical staff of circle office for insisting in me the drive to work hard and for inculcating in me the discipline to think clearly. Definitely the knowledge, I received during this training session was a lifetime experience and it will serve as a foundation for my career.

I am thankful to my colleagues who make the stay at Wahi Rest House enjoyable. Last, but not least, I wish to express my gratitude towards my parents- Shivaji and Rohini, my grandparents- Rangnath and Sitabai, my uncle Raosaheb and aunty Radhika who sacrificed a lot to give me a good education.

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Chapter 1. Gosikhurd Project

1.1 Introduction

The major part of Vidarbha region lies in Pranhita sub-basin of Godavari region. The tributaries finally contributing to form Pranhita river are Penganga, Wardha and Wainganga.

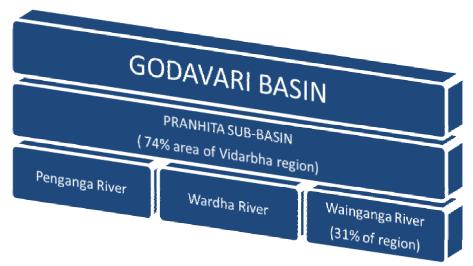


Fig. 1.1.1 Details of contribution of rivers in Vidarbha region

Wainganga originates near the village Pratapgarh at an elevation of 640 m RL in Seoni district of Madhya Pradesh and traverses almost North-South through Bhandara and Chandrapur district of Maharashtra state. Total length of Wainganga from its origin up to confluence with Wardha river is about 717 km. The total catchment area drained up to the proposed dam site of Gosikhurd project is 34,860 km², out of which 24,261 km² lies in Madhya Pradesh and 10,627 km² in Maharashtra state. Wainganga river has following tributaries-

Table 1.1.1 Tributaries of Wainganga river

Left bank tributaries	Right Bank tributaries
1. Thel River (MP) joins at 71 km	1. Hirri River in MP joins at 183 km
2. Bagh River (MS) joins at 257 km	2. Mawanthadi River (MS) joins at 300km
3. Chulband River (MS) joins at 415 km	3. Kanhan River (MS) joins at358 km
4. Khobragadi River (MS) joins at 450 km	4. Mayur River (MS) joins at 386 km
5. Kathani River (MS) joins at 470 km	5. Andheri River (MS) joins at 555 km
6. Dina River (MS) joins at 600 km	

Gosikhurd village is located in Pauni Tahsil of Bhandara district on Wainganga River. As per planning, Gosikhurd reservoir will be created by constructing a composite dam 11.35 km long with earth embankment across River Wainganga. i.e. earthen dam both the right and left ban flanks of central masonry gated. Ogee spillway 773 m long in the river gorge and 14 m above foundation level. It will have

battery of 33 radial gates of 18.3x16.5 m size to discharge a design flood of 67,300 m³/sec. The maximum height of the dam will be 27 m above river bed. The barrage will submerge about 18,960 ha land of which 12,600 ha in Nagpur and Bhandara district (68 villages fully and 75 villages partially)

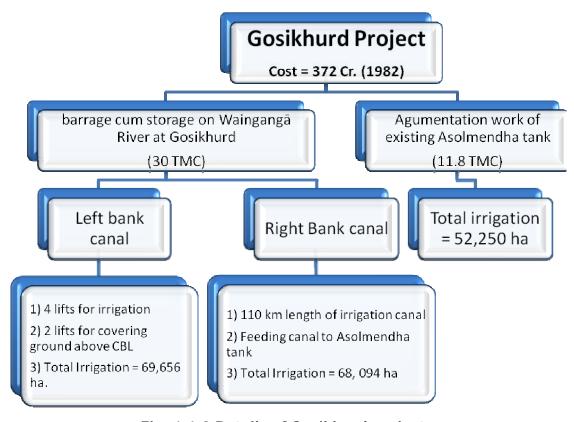


Fig. 1.1.2 Details of Gosikhurd project

The year wise percentage of development of irrigation potential -

Table 1.1.2 Year wise percentage of development of irrigation potential-

5 th year of construction	20 %
6 th year of construction	29 %
7 th year of construction	31 %
8 th year of construction	20 %

1.2 Salient features of Gosikhurd Project

a) Cost of Gosikhurd project : 316.57 Cr. (1982) b) Cost of Asolmendha Tank : 55.62 Cr. (1982) c) Total cost of project : 372.22 C. (1982) d) Total irrigation :2,50,800 ha

e) Location of dam :

Table 1.2.1 Details of dam location

State	Maharashtra
District	Bhandara
Tahsil	Pauni
Village	Gosikhurd
Toposheet No.	55 P/9
Latitude	20° 52′ 15″ N
Longitude	79° 37′ 0′′ E

f) Name of river : Wainganga (Tributary of Pranhita)

g) Name of basin : Godavari

h) Catchment area :

	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra	Total
Gross	24,261 km²	10,627 km²	34,888 km²
Free			5,902 km ²

i) Availability of water

75 % dependable mansoon yield	501.33 TMC
Past mansoon flow (4.7 %)	23.56 TMC
Total annual yield	524.89MC

1.3 Utilization

a) Irrigation utilization:

With flow canal on LBC	4.418 TMC
On lift canal	3.537 TMC
LB foreshore lift	5.610 TMC
Right bank flow canal	11.85 TMC
RC foreshore lift	6.75 TMC

b) Water supply to ordnance factory, Bhandara : 0.837 TMC c) Feeding to Asolamendha tank : 13.766 TMC d) Annual evaporation loss : 7.107 TMC e) Total utilization : 53.88 TMC f) Balance spill over : 58.704 TMC

1.4 Dams and spillway details

Table 1.4.1 Details of dam and spillway

Dam		
Type of dam	Rolled filled earthen dam	
Length of dam	11.35 km	
Maximum height of dam	22 m	
Free board		
Over MWL	3m	
Over FRL	4.5 m	
Spillway		
Type of spillway	Central gated Ogee shaped masonry spillway	
Length of spillway	774 m	
Maximum height	10.3 m	
Crest level	232 m	
Design flood	67,300 m ³ /sec	
No. of gates	33	
Size of gates	18.3x16.5m	

1.5 Prominent features of irrigation by canal

Table 1.5.1 Prominent features of irrigation by canal

Sr. No	Canal	Capacity (m³/sec)	Length (km)	CCA (ha)	ICA (ha)	Lift head
1	Right Bank Canal	95	108	53,405	50,735	
2	Left Bank Canal	40.50	27.5	35,860	34,067	
3	Left bank fore shore lift- Paghora	21.11	45	21,284	20,223	35 m
4	Left bank fore shore lift- Jakh	4.47	4	4,000	3,800	35 m
5	Right bank fore shore lift- Mokhabardi	24.02	53	21,350	20,280	35 m
6	Right bank fore shore lift- Ambhora	10.24	9.10	9,100	8,645	18 m

Chapter 2. Gosikhurd Lift Irrigation Schemes

2.1 Introduction

The Gosikhurd Lift Irrigation Circle, headed by Superintending Engineer- Shri. Pohekar carrying out the construction work of Lift Irrigation Schemes, proposed under Gosikhurd Project. Fore foreshore LIS were suggested while preparing the project for Administrative Approval. This chapter includes the basic study of these LIS and other major projects coming under Gosikhurd Lift Irrigation Circle. Following major projects are ongoing under the supervision of this circle-

- 1. Ambhora Lift Irrigation Scheme
- 2. Mokhabardi Lift Irrigation Scheme
- 3. Nerala Lift Irrigation Scheme
- 4. Gosikhurd Left Bank Canal
- 5. Bawanthadi Project

Other 7 medium and 13 minor irrigation projects are also coming under this circle. To cater these vast volumes of work efficiently there are 5 divisions and 23 subdivisions, and during our training session, we planned to visit most of the projects, as per direction of Superintending Engineer- Shri. Pohekar Sir.

2.2 Ambhora Lift Irrigation Scheme

Ambhora Lift Irrigation Division is headed by Executive Engineer- Shri. Apate saheb, who is inspiring personality and interaction with him was a great experience for me. The division includes Ambhora Lift Irrigation Scheme, stage I and stage II and Mokhabardi Lift Irrigation Scheme as major schemes, and Ambhora Lift Irrigation Scheme, stage I is completed and operated to create irrigation potential. Remaining two schemes are in progress and there are four subdivisions to cater the construction work activities-

- 1. Ambhora Lift Irrigation Subdivision No. 1, Veltur
- 2. Ambhora Lift Irrigation Subdivision No. 2, Veltur
- 3. Ambhora Lift Irrigation Subdivision No. 3, Bhivapur
- 4. Ambhora Lift Irrigation Subdivision No. 4, Tiroda

Ambhora Lift Irrigation scheme is one of the four LIS proposed under Gosikhurd project. 35 villages from Kuhi Tahsil will be benefited from this scheme.

It is planned to complete this scheme in tow stages to cater the irrigation needs of the farmers, drinking water demand and fishery. The first sage of the project was completed in Dec 2005 and benefited to 2825 ha land under irrigation. The second stage of the project will be completed in June 2008 and planning is done accordingly, to cater irrigation potential of 5656 ha.

2.3 Salient features of Ambhora LIS

	Table: Details of the Ambhora LIS					
Sr. Particulars		Stage 1	Stage 2			
no.						
1	No. of pumps	Total=10 (9+1	Total=4 (3+1			
		stand bye)	stand bye)			
2	Capacity of pumps	850 HP (each)	650 HP (each)			
3	Size of pump house	42x22m	21x25m			
4	Rising main					
	a. Length	2690m	1750m			
	b. Diameter	1600mm	1899mm			
	c. Thickness	10mm	14mm			
	d. Rows	3No.	2No.			
	e. Type of pipes	SWMS	SWMS			
4	Static head	28.9m	17.4m			
5	Friction head	7.1m	7.1m			
6	Total head	36m	24.5m			
7 Length of canal		6km	10km			
8 Discharge in canal 12.02 m³/sec		7.34 m ³ /sec				
9	Water Utilization	56.147 Mm ³				
10 Command area						
	a. GCA	3818 Ha	7600 ha			
		2988 ha 5956 ha				
	c. ICA 2825 ha		5656 ha			
11	Power demand	955 MVA				
12	BC Ratio	1.67	1.67			
13	Controlling levels					
	a. River Bed	RL 229.00m				
	b. MDDL (River)	RL 233.00m				
	c. Bed RL at Pump house	RL 227.00 m	RL 252.85m			
	d. MDDL in pump house	RL 231.19m	RL 255.05m			
	e. Delivery floor of pump house	RL 253.00m	RL 258.60m			
	f. Motor floor of pump house	RL 253.80m	RL 258.60m			
	g. Bed RL of delivery chamber	RL 260.80m	RL 267.02m			
h. Bed RL of main canal		RL 260.00m	RL 269.00m			

2.4 Mokhabardi Lift Irrigation Scheme

Mokhabardi LIS if one of the major LIS on the foreshore of the Gosikhurd dam, which will provide maximum irrigation potential among all the LIS's. This scheme will irrigate 24,343 ha land from 123 villages of Nagpur, Bhandara and Chnadrapur district.

Mokhabardi LIS is planned on river Maru near village Mokhabardi, Tal: Bhiwapur of Nagpur district. It is planned to take water from Gosikhurd dam by extracting approach canal af about 1380m from river Maru. Then lifting water by 17 pumps of 1500 HP each and delivering water by four rising mains of 4515 m long and 2500mm dia.

2.5 Mokhabardi LIS: Original project cost

Gosikhurd project was Administratively approved by Government of Maharashtra vide GR No. GOS-1081/(2381)-WR-1 dtd. 31/03/1983. As per this approval, total cost of project was 372.22 Cr, out of which the cost of Mokabardi LIS was 18.65 Cr. But this was approximately calculated on the basis of proposed HP of system.

Due to escalation of rises and to know the exact cost of project, detailed revised estimates of Gosikhurd Project was prepared in 1995-96 and as per this revised estimate, the total cost of Gosikhurd project was worked out to Rs. 2091.13 Cr. Out of this cost, the cost of Mokhabardi LIS was Rs. 212.84 Cr. Accoring to this revised estimate the Government of Maharashtra has give therevised AA to this project, vide letter no. Gosikhurd/1096/1500/234/96/GP2 dt 3/7/1999.

Again as per rates of year 2000-01, the second revised estimate of Mokhabardi LIS was prepared and accordingy the revised cost of project was 468.18 Cr.

Total expenditure on Mokhabardi LIS up to Oct 2006 is Rs 54.90 Cr, which included Rs. 7.20 Cr. Deposits to MSEB¹

2.6 Mokhabardi LIS: Various components of project

A. Pump house and Rising main:

- 1. Location of pump house was selected after studying various alternatives and field data of finally selected site was given to CDO².
- 2. The general layout prepared by CDO was aroved by standing committee in their meeting held on 07/12/2000. As per this general layout it is proposed to provide 17 pumps (16+1 Stand bye) of 1500 HP each, for rising mains of 2.5m dia and 16mm thick.
- 3. As per letter No. 899/CEGP/P-2 dt.1/4/2003, Chief Engineer, Gosikhurd Project Irrigation, Nagpur has approved that the discharge of 1.703 m3/sec per 1000 ha of shall be considered for further calculations of designing the pumps machinery and rising mains.
- 4. At present the work of pump house and rising main are in progress.

B. Electricity substation and switchyard

Rs. 7.20 Cr. have already deposited to MSEB for the 132 KV substation and switchyard, required for the Mokhabardi LIS.

C. Canal Distribution Network

Length of main canal : 43 km
Discharge of main canal : 35 cumecs
Water utilization : 134.167 Mm³
GCA : 34350 ha
CCA : 25350 ha
ICA : 202280 ha

¹ Maharashtra State Electricity Board

² Central design Organization, Nashik

Tekepar Lift Irrigation Scheme

Tekepar LIS is one of the important LIS under Gosikhurd project. As this scheme is proposed on the river, it does not require the storage of Gosikhurd dam. Therefore the first priority was given to this scheme for completion and now scheme is complete and under working condition.

About 6824 ha of area is under irrigation, causing benefits to 7198 ha from 41 villages of Bhandara district. Now as per GR 1/07/2005, the Tekepar LIS has been handed over to the Minor Irrigation division for further maintenance and operation.

Present status of various works under Tekepar LIS:

i. Administrative Approval : Year 1983,

j. Project cost Rs. 3.51 Cr. (as per 1982-83 DSR) k. Revised cost of project :

l. Revised cost of project :

m. Expenditure upto year 2004: Rs. 74.93 Cr. (as per 1995-96 DSR) Rs. 96.04 Cr. (as per 2004-05 DSR)

m. Expenditure upto year 2004: Rs. 81.11 Cr.

Physical progress of work:

Most of the work of this LIS has been completed and their progress is as under-

100 % complete Pump house Main canal and distributor : 100 % complete Distribution network : 100 % complete Land Development (Part I) : 70 % complete

Command Area details

1998-99

2001-02

2002-03

Oct 04

The command area of Tekepar LIS is as under-

a. GCA: 9340 ha

b. CCA: (as per project report) = 7375 ha

CCA: (actual) = 6315 ha

c. ICA: (as per project report) = 6824 ha

ICA: (actual) = 5841 ha

Development of Irrigation Potential:

 Irrigation potential created: 1160 ha 1999-00 Irrigation potential created: 200 ha

Irrigation potential created: 5940 ha

2000-01

 Irrigation potential created: 300 ha Irrigation potential created: 110 ha

Irrigation potential created: 1710 ha

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Land Acquisition proposal's:

- 1. Forest land: For this scheme, @ 36.36 ha of forest land was acquired from Forest department and @ Rs. 22 Lakhs have been deposited.
- 2. Private Land: For this scheme, @ 237 Ha of Private Land is gcuried.

2.8 Salient features of Tekepar LIS

a. Location : Near Village Tekepar, Tal and district: Bhandara

b. Controlling Levels:

1. RBL : 230.73m

2. MDDL in River:

3. Foundation Level of pump house :4. Motor floor level of pump house :

c. Details of pumps

1. Type : Vertical Turbine

2. Number of pumps : 9 No. (including 2 stand bye)

3. Capacity : 850 HP each4. Pump speed : 740 rpm

5. Size of pump house:

d. Rising main details: 1.6m diameter, 2 rows, 10mm thick, 1400 m long

e. Size of delivery chamber:

f. Main canal details:

1. Length: 16.5m

2. Discharge:

3. Bottom width of canal: 4.5m

4. Slope of canal: 1:7500

5. Discharge: 8.93 m³/sec6. Side slope: 2:1 (H:V)

7. Water depth in canal: 1.8m

8. Free Board: 0.6m

9. Velocity of water: 0.6416m

10. Length of distributaries: 13.93 km

11. Type of main canal: Lined

g. Command area details:

communication distribution					
Command area	As per project report	Actual			
GCA	9340 ha	9340 ha			
CCA	7375 ha	6315 ha			
ICA	6824 ha	5841 ha			

h. Approx. cost of project: 96.04 Cr.

i. BCR: 1.54

Conclusion

During our training session, we studied most of the important reports/documents related to Lift Irrigation Scheme at Aambhora Lift Irrigation Division, Bhivapur. It was great experience for me, since I could realize the design of structures and various components which are associated with lift irrigation project.

The Gosikhurd project is one of the ambitious projects and since it is spread over thousands of hectare of land, it created social and environmental impacts. The Lift Irrigation Schemes are implemented when the level of land to be irrigated is above supply level in canal or MDDL in case of dam. Under such circumstances, it is mandatory to lift the water using motors and pipes and then feed to the canal or field. Several LIS are under construction and some LIS like, Tekepar is under working condition. Even though the lift irrigation is costly than gravity irrigation, it causes increase in the irrigation potential and ultimately the improvement of the region.

Ambhora Lift Irrigation scheme is one of the four LIS proposed under Gosikhurd project. 35 villages from Kuhi Tahsil will be benefited from this scheme. It is planned to complete this scheme in tow stages to cater the irrigation needs of the farmers, drinking water demand and fishery. The first sage of the project was completed in Dec 2005 and benefited to 2825 ha land under irrigation. The second stage of the project will be completed in June 2008 and planning is done accordingly, to cater irrigation potential of 5656 ha.

I tried my best to gather maximum knowledge through observation and discussion with the officers and staff, and it will be helpful throughout my career.

We are thankful to Executive Engineer-Shri. Aapate saheb and all the officers and staff of division office for their guidance and co-operation during this training session. After going through details of the project, I am sure that the completion of the project will bring green revolution in Vidarbha region.

-Pravin Kolhe (Assistant Executive Engineer)



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